Workshops on Advancing Computer Architecture Research (ACAR)

Organizers:

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Sponsored by Computing Community Consortium (CCC) Computing Research Association (CRA) Held on February 22-23, 2010 in San Diego and on September 20-21, 2010 in Seattle

http://www.cra.org/ccc/acar.php, http://iacoma.cs.uiuc.edu/acar1/



Computing Community Consortium

Focused on empowering the computing research community to pursue more audacious visions

A broad-based standing committee of 20 leading U.S. computer scientists

- Housed within the Computing Research Association (CRA), representing >200 U.S. & Canadian academic departments and industrial research labs
- o Chair: Ed Lazowska, U-Washington
- o Vice-Chair: Susan Graham, UC-Berkeley
- Director: Erwin Gianchandani, CRA [erwin@cra.org]





A multitude of activities:

- Community-initiated visioning workshops bringing researchers together to generate "out-of-the-box" ideas
- White papers for the White House & others short reports to inform policymakers
- Public relations efforts Library of Congress symposiums, Research "Highlight of the Week," CCC Blog
- Nurturing the next generation of leaders Computing Innovation Fellows, "Landmark Student Contributions"



Context of the Visit

- Two CCC-sponsored visioning workshops on "Advancing Computer Architecture Research":
 - One on parallel computing (Feb 2010); other more general (Sep 2010)
 - Issued community-wide calls for position papers
 - Each workshop had 20-30 attendees
 - Invited funding agencies and industry
 - Generated 2 reports and summary slides
- Purpose of this visit:
 - Make you aware of what emerged from this visioning effort
 - Visions have backing of the broad comp. arch. research community
 - Provide the detailed reports and slides

Executive Summary

- Need for bold research investment in computer architecture/hardware
 - Computer architecture is at the core of the IT revolution
 - We are at a turning point for computer architecture
 - Industry's emphasis on evolutionary technologies/methods won't do
 - Danger of missing major societal benefits
 - Slowly losing leadership as a nation?
- Pressing/transformative issues:
 - Extreme scale computing
 - Architectures for programmability
 - Specialized architectures and heterogeneity
 - The end of the road for conventional instruction sets
 - Security and reliability from the hardware up
 - Exploiting emerging technologies

Why Investing in Architecture/Hardware is Essential

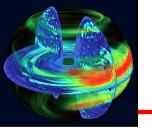
- Computer architecture is a foundation of IT
- Basic ideas laid 50 years ago with modest resources/aspirations
- We have been extending the same bungalow foundation and built skyscrapers on top of it
 - Delivered exponential growth in IT
- We are at a turning point: technology/applications/goals
- Bungalow foundation has reached its limits
 - Industry has turned to largely evolutionary multicore designs
 - Unlikely to go back to exponential capability growth
- Architecture advances have potential for sweeping societal impact
 - Foundation to build mobile to warehouse-scale computers

Turning Point for Computer Architecture

- Technology Drivers:
 - Progressive divergence between real and classical (Denard) scaling
 - Power limits and reduced semiconductor reliability
- Application Drivers:
 - Changing nature of applications and software
 - Growth: mobile/embedded computing and warehouse-scale data center
- Metrics and Goals:
 - Traditionally: exclusively performance-focused
 - Now: reliable, secure, and operating with dynamic power budgets

Example: Why Industry will not Do it

- Rethink architecture from the ground for 100-1000x energy efficiency
 - Circuits: low supply voltage while handling process variations at 8nm
 - Aggressive power and clock gating
 - Computing with 1Kcores/chip: Clustering, heterogeneity, simplicity
 - Architectures to minimize data movement: processing in memory
 - Hardware for fine-grain synchronization
 - Very low power networks
 - New resiliency problems
 - Voltage droops
 - Lightweight checkpointing
 - Stacked DRAM, photonics, new device types
- Do we want the innovation to occur in the US or in East Asia?



Extreme Scale Computing



- Energy and power consumption are the key limiters to progress
- They require complete rethinking of computer architecture
 - Cloud computing: Utility computing for billions of consumers
 - High-perf. computing: revolutionize science and engineering

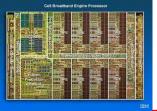
Goals:

- Improve machines' energy efficiency 1000x.
- Minimize cost and power of datacenter infrastructure for typical user
- Research to do:
 - chip and node architecture, interconnect, memory and storage
- Transformative: Extreme scale computing can provide cheap utility computing to billions of citizens

Architectures for Programmability



- Performance scaling requires extensive HW changes to exploit paralsm
- Need 1Kcore chip that is high-perf, energy efficient, and programmable
- Goals:
 - Programming for parallel arch. should be as easy as for sequential
 - Maintain Moore's law for performance
 - Eliminate concurrency bugs
- Research to do:
 - Scalable memory/communication fabric, correctness, introspection, resource management
- *Transformative:* Enabling programming for the masses of programmers



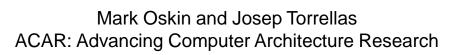
Specialized Arch. and Heterogeneity



- HW specialization eliminates inefficiencies/overheads of gen-purpose
- Need technologies to develop turn-key specialized computing systems quickly and economically
- Goals:
 - Fully-automated generation of appl-specific hardware cheapily
 - Manufacturing costs should be no greater than for conventional
- Research to do:
 - Heterogeneous designs, static and dynamic reconfigurability, identification of abstractions
- Transformative: Obtain orders of magnitude improvement in computing perf, perf per Watt, perf per dollar

End-of-Road for Conventional Instruc Sets

- Modern systems are skyscrapers build on bungalow foundation
- Hardware abstractions built 50 years ago:
 - Instruction grain forces processors view apps through narrow window
 - Obfuscates concurrency, intent, knowledge that compiler/user knew
- Goals:
 - Revisit fundamental assumptions of computer architecture
 - Hardware has to know more about the software intent
- Research to do:
 - Specialized virtualization layers, QoS, dataflow operation
- Transformative: Unlock solutions for important challenges such as security, reliability, energy efficiency, QoS

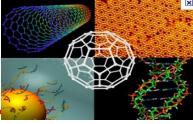


Secure, Reliable, Predictable from HW Up



- Current architectures are fragile
 - Do not fail gracefully, have poor isolation mechanisms
 - Unsecure by default, impossible to keep a secret
- Goal: machines worthy of the trust we place in them:
 - Verifiably correct in the face of faults and errors
 - Hardware foundations for info containment, privacy, reliability
- Research to do:
 - Strong containment, assurances about info leak, predictability, deterministic hardware
- *Transformative:* Orders-magnitude reduction in cost of trustworthy systems will transform what things we trust computers to do.





- Emerging technologies offer orders of magnitude improvement
- Researching the architectural use-cases brings science to market faster
- Goal:
 - Shape the directions and provide solutions in emerging technologies
- Research to do:
 - Architectures for quantum computing, synthetic biology, resistive memories, 3D stacking, photonics, nanotubes
- Transformative: Architecture research enables new, revolutionary technologies to enter the market faster

Funding Recommendations

- Each of these areas should be the nucleus of research programs or be consciously incorporated in mission-oriented programs
- Fund ambitious, larger proposals. Eschew incrementalism
- Fund cross-cutting proposals with teams that are willing to change the architecture
- Coordinate NSF and DARPA/DOE efforts